

**New Settler**  
Miss Lella Flippin, of Gold Hill, has gone into the Klamath country and will become a rancheress.—Marshfield Record.

**Born Company Wins**  
The department of the interior in a recent decision, held that Alkali Lake was not a navigable body of water and therefore open to entry under the mining laws of the United States. Suit was brought by the Oregon Born company some time ago to prove that the lake was not navigable. Their reason for taking this action was that the bed of the lake is said to contain valuable deposits of soda.—Lake County Examiner.

**Many Bids Received.**  
Fourteen bids were received by the Council last night for the construction of the sidewalk on Wentland avenue. These were somewhat complicated, so all bids were referred to the street committee, to be reported upon at the next meeting.

**M. E. Orchestra entertainment.**  
Thursday night at Methodist church, admission 25 and 15 cents. 3-3t

**If you are particular about your fire insurance, see Chilcote.** 11-12

**Palentine this year exports nearly 600,000 pounds of almonds.**

**Subscribe for the Herald, 50 cents a month.**

**Life insurance gives you a feeling of security. See Chilcote.** 11-12

## Herald's Classified Ads.

### FOR RENT

**NICELY furnished apartments at the Oregon House, Klamath, near Sixth street.**

**FOR RENT—Office rooms, single or on suite; steam heat and all conveniences. Inquire W. H. North, Odd Fellows Temple.**

**FOR RENT—Nestly furnished rooms. Nice place, 225 Main. 14-12**

**FOR RENT—Four room furnished apartment at Pitts flats, 225 Lincoln street. 21-2t**

### FOR SALE

**FOR SALE—Body wood, thoroughly seasoned; price reasonable. Phone 2747.**

**FOR SALE—Going to California; all my furniture for sale cheap; house to rent, if wanted. No. 535 3d st. 29-4t**

**FOR SALE CHEAP—Four new quick detachable clincher tires, 34x4. Grover Miel. Inquire Whitman Drug Co. 30-4t**

**GOOD WARM room and board. Inquire 7th and Washington, or phone 3228. 3-3t**

### LOST AND FOUND

**LOST—Pair of nose glasses. Leave at Keller's Cafe and receive reward. 4-3t**

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS

**RIGHT PER CENT LOANS ON FARM LANDS**  
ARTHUR R. WILSON,  
517 Main Street

**CITY AND COUNTY ABSTRACT CO.**  
ABSTRACTS INSURANCE  
Members Oregon Association  
Title Men

**Expert Plumbing**  
SHOWERS, BATHS, SINKS,  
Properly Installed  
Complete Line of Supplies  
and Equipment  
Pade, Fingle & Lovens  
700 Main St

**J. S. MILLS & SON**  
Agents  
International Harvester  
Machinery  
220 Ninth Street

## The Evening Herald

W. O. SMITH, Editor  
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KLAMATH FALLS, OREGON  
TUESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1916.

### FREE GOODS—LESS REVENUE

IMPORTS to the value of \$38,057,000 entered the thirteen principal custom districts of the United States for the week ending December 11, 1915. On these imports the government realized a nearly revenue of \$4,039,706, or an average duty rate of 10.5 per cent, compared with an average duty under the Republican law of between nineteen and twenty-two per cent.

About seventy per cent of our imports are now coming in free of duty, which, according to the Democratic theory, should decrease the cost of living. Nevertheless, the index numbers recently compiled by Bradstreet show a steady rise in the cost of living, proof that the tariff has nothing to do with the matter.

Our imports today have reached in volume the Democratic low duty normal, and the treasury deficit has also reached characteristic Democratic proportions. The only beneficiaries of the Democratic tariff law have been the importers who bring in articles free of duty to compete with domestic production in the American market.

If the Republican duty rates were in force there would be no necessity for the extension of the war revenue measure. Yet, in addition to that extension, the order has gone forth to raise still more revenue by means of direct taxes.

### ACTION, NOT PROCRASTINATION.

THE TIME is opportune for Klamath Falls to get out of the rut and onto the high road of prosperity.

It is all right to say that this thing and that thing ought to be done, but the only action productive of results is to get busy and do it. Much talk and little do will never get us anywhere.

Klamath Falls ought to be making plans right now for the next year. We ought to be devising ways and means right now for expanding the business of this community in order that we may take full advantage of the good times that are in store for the country the coming year.

If we do these things right now, if we make a start and accomplish something instead of sitting back and waiting for each other to make a move we will be right in the front rank of the prosperous ones during the high tide of the coming months.

But if we continue and say nothing and do less, we may gather in a few of the loose pennies of the golden dollars as they pass us by on their journeys to other peoples pockets, but the dollars themselves will hunt pastures green and new.

### Scattered Shots

ARE YOU STILL sticking to your resolves?

WITH THE Persia, Anaconda, Glenzie, Kampa Maru and a dozen or so other large vessels sent to the bottom as the result of torpedoing, it looks as though the administration's note writing on the submarine activities was extremely effective.

LET 'ER SNOW; we don't mind it, and it's an insurance of good 1916 crops for the dry farmer.

IF YOU WANT to do something worth while for yourself and the town, turn out and attend the freight rate meeting tonight at the city hall.

THE PELICAN CITY road may be in a little better shape right now, but if so, it's due to the snow, not to any improvement work.

M. E. Orchestra entertainment, Thursday night at Methodist church, admission 25 and 15 cents. 3-3t

The Elina leads the world in accident insurance. See Chilcote. 11-12

In one minute a housefly, when in mid-air, vibrates its wings 21,120 times.

Subscribe for the Herald, 50 cents a month.

## ALARM SYSTEM REALITY SOON

MATERIAL FOR INSTALLING THE CITY'S FIRE WARNING AND MAN TO INSTALL PLANT ARE NOW HERE. CAN BE USED WITH ALARM BOXES.

Work of installing Klamath Falls' electric fire alarm system will be under way this week. A representative of the Gamwell Fire Alarm Co., came in last night to begin the assembling of the plant.

Materials for the system have been arriving for the past week. Practically all is now at the City Hall ready for installation.

The new alarm system is operated electrically, by batteries. The proper setting of the switch automatically sounds both the general alarm and the signal or district in which the fire breaks out.

In order to localize the fires and thus expedite the arrival of fire apparatus, the city is to be divided into a number of fire districts. This will be taken up later by Fire Chief Wakefield.

Klamath Falls' system is one that can be enlarged as the city grows. It is so arranged that later, should it be deemed expedient, fire alarm boxes can be installed throughout the town without making a change of switchboards.

## Oregon's Mines Show Increased Output of Gold and Copper in 1915

Preliminary estimates of the output of metals from Oregon mines in 1915, by the United States Geological Survey, show material increases over the figures of 1914 in both gold and copper, and slight decreases in yield of silver and lead.

The gold yield for 1914 was \$1,591,461 and the estimate for 1915 is \$1,771,618 which is an increase of \$180,157 for 1915. The silver output for 1914 was 142,552 ounces, and the estimate 1915 is 136,033 ounces, or 6,519 ounces less.

The yield of copper in 1914 was 39,248 pounds, while the estimate for 1915 is 910,140 pounds, an increase for 1915 of 870,892 pounds; and the yield of lead was 16,436 pounds in 1914, as compared with 6,650 pounds in 1915, or 9,786 less. These preliminary figures are compiled by Charles C. Yale, of San Francisco office of the survey.

It is note worthy that such material increases in output of gold and copper should be apparent when the fact is considered that the number of producing mines in Oregon has fallen off fully

one-third in the past two years. Those which have dropped from the producing list, however, have been mainly small placers of various kinds where the ground has been worked out, or has failed to pay.

The larger deep mines continue their productive career, with few exceptions, but not many new properties of moment have of late been opened. More capital for mine development is needed in the state, where there are a few extensive properties in operation.

Baker county continues to be by far the most productive county of the state and yielding annually fully 85 per cent of all the gold.

The most productive deep mine in Oregon in 1915, as also for the preceding two years, was that of the Commercial Mining company, operating the Rainbow Mine in Cracker Creek district, Baker county. This property is shortly to be turned back to its original owners.

Among other large producers in the same county is the Cornucopia Mining company, in Cornucopia district, which in 1915 increased its output for the reason that they encountered higher grade ore on the lower levels than they had before. The Baker Mines company, in

the same district, has put in a 500-ton mill, and has been operating most of the year.

In Cracker Creek district, also in Baker county, the Columbia Mines company made about the same yield as in the previous year.

The output of the Humboldt property, in Mormon Basin district, Malheur county, was not as high as in 1914. The Ben Harrison mine, in Grant district, Grant county, was closed down most of the year 1915 and will not begin operations until next spring.

Of the placer mines in Oregon, most important enterprise is that of Powder River Dredge company, Cracker Creek district, Baker county. This company, which owned but one dredge in 1914, put another one in operation in the same field in 1915 and it is to the work of this company that the increase in gold yield in the state for the year is mainly due.

Other placer mines are Osgood Waldo district, Josephine county; the Layton, in Applegate district, Jackson county; and the smaller mines around Grants Pass, in Josephine county. The gold yield from the dredging operations is greatly in excess of that from all other forms of placer mining combined.

French factories will at least double their productivity and France will be able to care for her war debts and grow richer at the same time. If Europe at large is to make a speedy recovery from the war's distress, the example of the French must be followed by all the countries alike. On Europe's ability to copy American industrial methods therefore, depends the effect of the financial burdens which the war is fastening on the backs of the taxpayers.

Prosperity is written in letters of gold across this country's financial record in 1915. Uncle Sam has almost half a billion dollars more of foreign gold than he had a year ago. American merchants have sold more goods abroad than ever before. The greatest external loan in history, the Anglo-French loan, was floated in 1915. The market value of American securities appreciated something like two billion dollars in the 12 months. National banks have bigger deposits and larger reserves than at any other time since this country was founded. A wave of speculation swept the country and permitted the New York Stock Exchange to close 1915 with a boom as explosively bright as the year's beginning was dull. Unsmirched by the failure of a single member, the 1915 record of the New York Exchange is crowded with stories of newly made millionaires and sprinkled with fifty-million-share trading days.

The war and war bride stocks of companies manufacturing war supplies for the belligerent countries furnished more spectacular fireworks in 1915 than Wall Street had witnessed since 1901. Bethlehem Steel's unrivaled jump from \$42 to \$600 a share, closely trailed by General Motors' advance from \$86 to \$540 and U. S. Steel's rise of 31 points are a few of the high spots in the year's boom market.

Fifteen stocks, including motor, electric, steel and equipment and industrial securities, appreciated just \$770,655,635 in the year. The aggregate appreciation of all stocks and bonds on the New York exchange is net \$2,000,000,000. U. S. Steel increased a hundred and fifty-five million in value and Bethlehem Steel, about \$85,000,000.

General Electric, 26,534,000; Anaconda Copper, \$69,937,500; Studebaker \$36,590,396; Willits-Overland, \$33,800,000; American Can, \$14,960,000 and Crucible Steel, \$14,747,000.

What the figures are for orders these automobile and equipment companies total never has been disclosed, but they run high into the hundreds of millions. A company whose stock is selling on the New York curb market, Submarine Boat, received over \$125,000,000 of European war orders.

That the figures are for orders placed with Bethlehem Steel, Westinghouse, Crucible Steel and the steel corporation can only be conjectured.

In proportion to its size and importance the New York curb had one of its best years. War stocks in the outside market gave half a dozen curb traders profit enough to purchase seats in the Big Board—the exchange. The price of a seat in the Big Board, has practically doubled in the last year. Early in April the price for a membership on the exchange was \$38,000. In December a seat sold for \$73,000.

One of the most important events in the financial history of 1915 was the great Anglo-French half-billion dollar

loan. In the middle of the year a commission of English and French financiers, headed by Lord Reading, Lord Chief-Justice of England, came to this country to raise war funds. A committee of prominent American bankers was formed, dominated by J. P. Morgan & Co., fiscal agents for the Allies in the United States, and after many conferences the amount and terms of the big war loan were fixed. It was for \$500,000,000 with interest at 5 per cent per year, to be sold to the public at 98, which gave almost 6 per cent of a return to the investor. After the details were arranged, a syndicate of American bankers was formed which agreed to hold its bonds from the public market for 60 days. On Dec. 15, this syndicate expired and the bonds, having been public listed, but were bought, as their low price meant even a higher interest than 6 per cent. Less than \$300,000,000 of this half-billion loan was put on the open market, bankers and bond houses which were members of the syndicate, withdrawing over \$200,000,000 of the entire issue.

Financiers who have watched the remarkable course of events in the last year, predict that 1916 will see even greater expansion in both the financial and industrial life of this country.

## HOT WATER THE BEST LIVER AND BOWEL MEDICINE

SAYS GLASS OF HOT WATER BEFORE BREAKFAST WASHES POISONS FROM SYSTEM.

Physicians the world over recommend the inside bath, claiming this is of vastly more importance than outside cleanliness, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing ill health, while the pores in the ten yards of bowels do.

Men and women are urged to drink each morning, before breakfast a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, as a harmless means of helping to wash from the stomach, liver and kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible material, poisons, sour bile and toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

Just as soap and hot water cleanse and freshen the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the eliminative organs.

Those who wake up with bad breath, coated tongue, nasty taste or have a dull, aching head, sallow complexion, acid stomach; others who are subject to bilious attacks, or constipation, should obtain a quarter pound of limestone phosphate at the drug store. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to demonstrate the value of inside bathing. Those who continue it each morning are assured of pronounced results, both in regard to health and appearance.

(Paid Advertisement)

Another Cohen Record at Shephards. 20

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TUESDAY—MEN'S CLASS 8 to 9:30 p. m.  
WEDNESDAY—LADIES' DAY Class 8 to 9 p. m.  
FRIDAY—MEN'S CLASS 8 to 9:30 p. m.  
SATURDAY—DANCING CLASS 7:30 to 9:30 p. m.  
SOCIAL DANCING STARTS AT 9

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These snappy mornings can be made to 'pear nice and warm with an armload of blocks or a shovel of coal.

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We do Ford repair work exclusively. Satisfaction or money refunded.

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**Klamath Falls Auto Co.**  
1167 Main St. Phone 17

## Two Clergymen Aboard Peace Vessel



Above—Rev. Charles F. Aked of San Francisco. Below—Rev. Jenkyn Lloyd Jones of Chicago.

Two noted clergymen who went on the Oscar II with Henry Ford to take the boys out of the trenches by Christmas, found it necessary during the exciting voyage of the vessel to Europe to get some physical exercise. This photograph shows the noted divine of San Francisco, Rev. Charles F. Aked, playing leapfrog over the bent form of Rev. Jenkyn Lloyd Jones of Chicago.

## War Causes Big Deficit in European Countries, and Prosperity in U. S.

(Continued from page 1)

Financial pinch, except in Great Britain.

The war has compelled the rapid expenditure of such unprecedented sums of money that it is difficult to believe the warring governments will continue the strain for another year, unless one side or the other sees the possibility of a complete victory. No decisive success for anybody is now in sight. Even if either group of belligerents has the power to force the other into bankruptcy, it is not probable that power will be applied.

France is leading the other nations

in taking preliminary steps to recover from the financial blight of the war. The northern area of France, now in the enemy's possession is one of Europe's most important manufacturing centers. The factories will have to be rebuilt and new machinery installed, after peace is declared. A French Commission is now in the United States studying American labor saving devices and American methods of production. Factory output in the United States is between two and three times as much per man as it is in Europe.

If, after the war, France can adapt herself to American methods, the